

Exploring narratives: hermeneutics, cultural domain analysis and dialogics

Official Programme of Doctorate in Social Sciences/Universidad de Granada

Prof. Angel Martínez-Hernández. Medical Anthropology Research Center/Department of Anthropology, Philosophy and Social Work. Universitat Rovira I Virgili.

angel.martinez@urv.cat

Aim

This course is a practical introduction to both narrative analysis (hermeneutic methods) and cultural domain analysis (cognitive methods). The orientation of the course will be the perspective of medical anthropology; nevertheless, much of the contents and methods can be applied to other specialties as well.

Objectives

By the end of the course, students should be able to:

1. understand and employ hermeneutic and cognitive methods in narrative analysis;
2. utilize these with reference to particular topics in specific contexts;
3. critically evaluate other studies in this field .

Study unit outline and timetable

Session 1. Thursday, May 8- 2014, 12:00-14:00. Preliminary remarks: theories, concepts, methods. From theory to practice: hermeneutics as an ethnographic tool. Explanatory Models and Semantic Networks concepts. Case study: "Narratives of affliction".

References:

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Holstein, J. A., & Gubrium, J. F. (Eds.). (2011). *Varieties of narrative analysis.* Sage.

Kleinman, Arthur M. (1980) *Patients and Healers in the Context of Culture.* Berkeley. University of California Press.

Martínez-Hernández, A. (2010). "El hijo del cazador de tigres: mito, violencia y masculinidad en un relato biográfico". *Historia, Antropología y Fuentes Orales*, 44:113-127.

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Martínez-Hernández, A. (2012). "Narratives d'aflicció". In Balaguer, A. P., Correa-Urquiza, M., & Martínez-Hernández, Á. *Acció socioeducativa i salut mental*. UOC.

Martínez-Hernández, A., Masana, L. & DiGiacomo, S. (Eds.) (2013) *Evidencias y narrativas en la atención sanitaria*. Tarragona/Porto Alegre. Publicacions URV/Rede Unida.

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Session 2. Thursday, May 8- 2014, 16:00-19:00. Workshop on cultural domain analysis. Structured interviewing methods in cultural domain analysis, including free lists, pile sorts, triads, rankings, etc.

References:

Bernard H. (2000). *Social Research Methods: Qualitative and Quantitative Approaches*. Newbury Park. Sage Publications.

Bernard, H. R. (2006). *Structured interviewing II: Cultural Domain Analysis*. Bernard HR. *Research methods in cultural anthropology*. Newbury Park. Sage Publications, 299-317.

Borgatti, S. P. (1994). Cultural domain analysis. *Journal of Quantitative Anthropology*, 4(4), 261-278.
<http://www.analytictech.com/borgatti/papers/jqa.pdf>

Borgatti, S. P. (1999). Elicitation techniques for cultural domain analysis. *Enhanced ethnographic methods: audiovisual techniques, focused group interviews, and elicitation techniques*. *Ethnographer Toolkit*, 115-151.

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Dressler, W. W., Balieiro, M. C., Ribeiro, R. P., & Ernesto Dos Santos, J. (2005). Cultural consonance and arterial blood pressure in urban Brazil. *Social science & medicine*, 61(3), 527-540.

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Weller, S. C. (2007). Cultural consensus theory: Applications and frequently asked questions. *Field Methods*, 19 (4), 339-368. doi: 10.1177/1525822X07303502.

See also: <http://www.analytictech.com/anthropac/anthropac.htm>

Session 3. Friday, May 9-2014. 12:00-14:00. Beyond research: Ethnography as dialogics. Case Study: "The emotional distress of adolescents".

References:

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http://www.scielo.br/scielo.php?script=sci_arttext&pid=S0034-89102010000300003&lng=en&tlng=en

And also:

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